	FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 17:22:00 ON 29 MAR 2006
L4	0 S POLYHYDROXYCINNAMIC ACID
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L6	131 S HYDROXYCINNAMIC ACID
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L7	23075 S L6
L8	271928 S (HOMOPOLYMER? OR LIQUID CRYSTAL?)
L9	161 S L7 AND L8
L10	2721 S (HOMOPOLYMER? AND LIQUID CRYSTAL?)
L11	6 S L10 AND L7

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ANSWER 1 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
AN
    2004:741856 CAPLUS
DN
     141:261454
ED
     Entered STN: 10 Sep 2004
     Bio liquid crystal polymers and molded article
ΤI
     Kaneko, Tatsuo; Matsuzaki, Fumiya; Chantihan; Akashi, Mitsuru; Kuriyama,
IN
PA
     Toyota Gosei Co., Ltd., Japan
SO
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 23 pp.
     CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
     Patent
     Japanese
LA
IC
     ICM C08G063-06
     ICS G02B001-04; A61L027-00
     37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
     Section cross-reference(s): 38, 63, 73
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
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                                        APPLICATION NO.
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                                                              20040129
     JP 2004250700
                        A2
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                                          JP 2004-22195
    US 2005018123
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                               20050127
                                          US 2003-627995
PRAI JP 2003-22858
                        Α
                               20030130
 PATENT NO.
              CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
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 JP 2004250700
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                       C08G063-06
                       G02B001-04; A61L027-00
                ICS
                IPCI
                       C08G0063-06 [ICM,7]; G02B0001-04 [ICS,7]; A61L0027-00
                       [ICS, 7]
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                       4C081/AB13; 4C081/AC02; 4C081/AC03; 4C081/BA16;
                       4C081/BB08; 4C081/CA171; 4C081/CB011; 4C081/DA01;
                       4C081/DA03; 4C081/DA04; 4J029/AA02; 4J029/AC01;
                       4J029/AC02; 4J029/AD09; 4J029/AD10; 4J029/AE01;
                       4J029/AE04; 4J029/AE06; 4J029/AE18; 4J029/EC10;
                       4J029/FC41; 4J029/GA51; 4J029/GA63; 4J029/HA01;
                       4J029/HB01; 4J029/JB171; 4J029/JF031; 4J029/KD02;
                       4J029/KE02; 4J029/KE03; 4J029/KE08; 4J029/KH05;
                       4J029/LA01; 4J029/LA04; 4J029/LB05
 US 2005018123
                IPCI
                       C09K0019-02 [ICM,7]
                IPCR
                       C09K0019-38 [I,A]; C09K0019-38 [I,C]
                NCL
                       349/182.000
                ECLA
                       C09K019/38A; C09K019/38B4B6
AB
     Title polymers showing biocompatibility comprise organism-originated
     compds. or their derivs. and exhibit liq. crystallinity
     in specific conditions. Thus, inositol and 4-hydroycinnamic acid were
    polymerized to give a liq. crystal copolymer with good
     solubility in DMF, NMP, and DMSO when 1, 10, and 40 mol% inositol was used.
ST
    bio liq crystal polymer molded article; hydroycinnamic
    acid inositol copolymer prepn
ΙT
    Polyesters, preparation
    RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
        (liq. crystal; preparation of bio liq.
       crystal polymers for molded article)
IT
    Liquid crystals
        (nematic; preparation of bio liq. crystal polymers for
       molded article)
IT
    Optical instruments
        (parts; preparation of bio liq. crystal polymers for
       molded article)
IT
    Polyesters, preparation
    RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
        (polyamide-, liq. crystals; preparation of bio
       liq. crystal polymers for molded article)
IT
    Polyamides, preparation
```

```
(polyester-, liq. crystals; preparation of bio
        liq. crystal polymers for molded article)
ΙT
     Liquid crystals, polymeric
     Prosthetic materials and Prosthetics
        (preparation of bio lig. crystal polymers for molded
        article)
IT
     Molded plastics, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (preparation of bio liq. crystal polymers for molded
     50940-26-6P, 4-Hydroxycinnamic acid homopolymer
IT
     223435-46-9P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
        (assumed monomers; preparation of bio lig. crystal
        polymers for molded article)
IT
     753467-76-4P, 4-Hydroxycinnamic acid-tyrosine copolymer
     753467-78-6P
                    753467-80-0P
                                   753467-82-2P
                                                   753467-84-4P
                                                                  753467-86-6P
                                                   753467-94-6P
                                                                  753467-97-9P
     753467-88-8P
                    753467-90-2P
                                   753467-92-4P
     753467-99-1P
                    753468-01-8P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
        (lig. crystal; preparation of bio lig.
        crystal polymers for molded article)
     80181-49-3P
IT
                   223435-48-1P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation of bio liq. crystal polymers for molded
        article)
     ANSWER 2 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
L11
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     2004:251193 CAPLUS
DN
     140:391764
     Entered STN: 26 Mar 2004
ED
     Thermotropic liquid-crystalline polymer derived from
TI
     natural cinnamoyl biomonomers
ΑU
     Kaneko, Tatsuo; Matsusaki, Michiya; Hang, Tran Thi; Akashi, Mitsuru
CS
     Department of Nanostructured and Advanced Materials, Graduate School of
     Science and Engineering, Kagoshima University, Kagoshima, 890-0065, Japan
SO
     Macromolecular Rapid Communications (2004), 25(5), 673-677
     CODEN: MRCOE3; ISSN: 1022-1336
PB
     Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA
DT
     Journal
LA
     English
CC
     37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
AB
     The compound 4-hydroxycinnamic acid (4HCA), a natural biomonomer, is
polymerized
     by melt polycondensation to yield a liq.-cryst.
     biopolymer (P4HCA) with UV reactivity. L929 cells were successfully
     incubated on P4HCA films at 37°.
ST
     hydroxycinnamic acid homopolymer prepn photoreactivity cell
     adhesion
IT
     Adhesion, biological
       Liquid crystals, polymeric
        (preparation, photoreactivity and cell adhesion properties of lig
        .-cryst. poly(hydroxycinnamic acid))
TΤ
     55972-45-7P, trans-4-Hydroxycinnamic acid homopolymer
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation, photoreactivity and cell adhesion properties of liq
        .-cryst. poly(hydroxycinnamic acid))
RE.CNT
              THERE ARE 27 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
       27
RE
(1) Broer, D; Nature 1995, V378, P467 CAPLUS
(2) Chung, T; Polym Eng Sci 1986, V26, P901 CAPLUS
(3) Collings, P; Introduction to Liquid Crystals 1997
(4) Coppin, C; Biophys J 1992, V63, P794 CAPLUS
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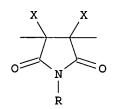
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)

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   edition 1998
(25) Spencer, M; Nature 1962, V194, P1014 CAPLUS
(26) Tanaka, Y; Polym Lett Ed 1975, V13, P235 CAPLUS
(27) Yang, J; Macromolecules 1992, V25, P1791 CAPLUS
L11
    ANSWER 3 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
AN
    2003:96314 CAPLUS
DN
    138:145185
ED
    Entered STN: 07 Feb 2003
TT
    Photo-alignment materials for liquid crystal alignment
IN
     Choi, Hwan Jae; Lee, Eun Kyung; Kim, Jong Lae; Kim, Joo Young
PA
     Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd., S. Korea
so
     Eur. Pat. Appl., 27 pp.
    CODEN: EPXXDW
DT
    Patent
LA
    English
    ICM C08G073-06
IC
     ICS G02F001-1337
CC
    74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other
    Reprographic Processes)
    Section cross-reference(s): 35, 38
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    US 2003118752
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EP 1281726
                ICM
                       C08G073-06
                ICS
                       G02F001-1337
                IPCI
                       C08G0073-06 [ICM,7]; G02F0001-1337 [ICS,7]
                       C08G0073-00 [I,C]; C08G0073-06 [I,A]; G02F0001-13
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                       [I,C]; G02F0001-1337 [I,A]
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C08G073/06C1; G02F001/1337T4

ECLA

IPCI C08F0122-40 [ICM, 7] KR 2003012330 G02F0001-1337 [ICM,7]; C08F0022-40 [ICS,7] JP 2003066460 IPCI IPCR C08G0073-00 [I,C]; C08G0073-06 [I,A]; G02F0001-13 [I,C]; G02F0001-1337 [I,A] CN 1407062 IPCI C09K0019-52; G02F0011-39 US 2003118752 IPCI C09K0019-00 [ICM, 7] IPCR C08G0073-00 [I,C]; C08G0073-06 [I,A]; G02F0001-13 [I,C]; G02F0001-1337 [I,A] NCL 428/001.260 C08G073/06C1; G02F001/1337T4 ECLA GI



Ι

II

AB Disclosed is a photo-alignment material for liq. crystal alignment film comprising a repeating unit represented by I (X =H, F, Cl, C1-14 alkyl group; R = functional group), or selected from the group consisting of structures represented by II (Y =O, C2-14 alkylene).

Liq. crystal display devices comprising such material have improved elec. and electrooptical properties.

ST liq crystal display film photo alignment material

IT Liquid crystal displays

IT

(photo-alignment materials for liq. crystal alignment film)

IT 26184-12-3DP, hydrolyzed and reaction product with the production of hydroxychalcone and fluorobenzoic acid 106870-12-6DP, hydrolyzed and reaction product with the production of ethylchlorocarbonyl cinnamate and hydroxybenzoic acid, and product with valeryl chloride 494206-38-1DP, hydrolyzed and reaction product with methoxycinnamoylchloride 494206-39-2DP, hydrolyzed and reaction product with the production of ethylchlorocarbonyl cinnamate and hydroxybenzoic acid 494206-41-6DP, hydrolyzed and reaction product with the production of cinnamoyl chloride and hydroxybenzoic acid

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(photo-alignment materials for **liq**. **crystal** alignment film)

99-96-7, 4-Hydroxybenzoic acid, reactions 108-31-6, Maleic anhydride,

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123-30-8, 4-Aminophenol 140-10-3, reactions 456-22-4,
     4-Fluorobenzoic acid 619-66-9, 4-Carboxybenzaldehyde 638-29-9D,
     Valeryl chloride, reaction product with hydrolyzed acetoxyphenylmaleimide-
     acetoxystyrene copolymer and the production of cinnamoyl chloride and
     hydroxybenzoic acid 1071-46-1, Ethylmalonate 5426-09-5
     7400-08-0, 4-Hydroxycinnamic acid 7719-09-7, Thionyl chloride
     18063-02-0, 2,6-Difluorobenzoyl chloride 42996-84-9D, reaction product
     with hydrolyzed copolymer 376608-66-1D, reaction product with hydrolyzed
     acetoxyphenylmaleimide-acetoxystyrene copolymer and Difluorobenzoxy-
     cinnamoyl chloride 494205-30-0D, reaction product with hydrolyzed
     acetoxyphenylmaleimide-acetoxystyrene copolymer
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation of photo-alignment materials for lig. crystal
        alignment film)
                               91047-74-4P
                  38239-55-3P
                                              319928-23-9P
                                                             494206-37-0DP,
     reaction product with hydrolyzed acetoxyphenylmaleimide
     homopolymer 494206-40-5DP, reaction product with hydrolyzed
     acetoxyphenylmaleimide-acetoxystyrene copolymer and valeryl chloride
     494206-42-7DP, reaction product with hydrolyzed acetoxyphenylmaleimide-
     acetoxystyrene copolymer and difluorocinnamoylchloride
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation of photo-alignment materials for lig. crystal
        alignment film)
RE.CNT
              THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
(1) Jae, C; US 6218501 B1 2001 CAPLUS
(2) Yong-Kyu, J; US 6048928 A 2000 CAPLUS
L11 ANSWER 4 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
     1999:779146 CAPLUS
     132:36200
     Entered STN: 09 Dec 1999
     Cinnamate-containing photopolymer for orientation film of liquid
     crystal display (LCD) and method of forming the orientation film
     using the photopolymer
     Park, Jae Geun; Kim, Do Yun; Choi, Hwan Jae; Kim, Joo Young
     Samsung Display Devices Co., Ltd., S. Korea
     U.S., 8 pp.
     CODEN: USXXAM
     Patent
     English
     ICM C08F020-10
     ICS C08F020-22; G02F001-1337
INCL 430321000
     35-4 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)
     Section cross-reference(s): 73, 76
FAN.CNT 2
                                         APPLICATION NO.
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                      KIND DATE
PI US 5998101 A 19991207
US 6174649 B1 20010116

PRAI KR 1997-15556 A 19970425
KR 1997-15557 A 19970425
US 1997-951570 A2 19971016
US 1997-951882 B2 19971016
CLASS
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                        A 19991207 US 1997-951570
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                        C08F0020-10 [ICM,6]; C08F0020-22 [ICS,6]; G02F0001-1337
                        [ICS, 6]
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TT

RE

AN

DN ED

ΤI

IN

PASO

DT

LA IC

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IPCR
                        C08F0012-00 [I,C]; C08F0012-32 [I,A]; G02F0001-13
                        [I,C]; G02F0001-1337 [I,A]
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                        430/321.000; 427/520.000; 427/553.000; 522/121.000;
                        522/153.000; 525/304.000; 526/242.000; 526/321.000
                 ECLA
                        C08F012/32; G02F001/1337C
 US 6174649
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                        430/321.000; 427/520.000; 427/553.000; 525/302.000;
                        525/304.000; 526/321.000; 526/326.000
                        C08F012/32; G02F001/1337C
                 ECLA
     The present invention provides novel photopolymers for use in liq
AB
     . crystal display. The photopolymers are cinnamate-containing
     photopolymers wherein a mesogen, preferably containing a benzene ring, is
     introduced between a polyvinyl main chain and a cinnamate group, and also
     wherein the cinnamate group can be substituted with a cyanide group, an
     alkyl group, a halogen atom or a fluorocarbonyl group. The
     cinnamate-containing photopolymers have improved stability and photoelec.
     properties, and improved pre-tilt angle. The photopolymers can be used to
     form an orientation film for an LCD in a non-rubbing process, and can be
     used alone or with a crosslinking agent.
st
     cinnamate contg photopolymer orientation film liq
     crystal display
ΤT
     Liquid crystal displays
       Liquid crystals, polymeric
        (cinnamate-containing photopolymer for orientation film of liq.
        crystal display (LCD) and method of forming the orientation
        film using the photopolymer)
IT
     121-44-8, uses
     RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
        (cinnamate-containing photopolymer for orientation film of liq.
        crystal display (LCD) and method of forming the orientation
        film using the photopolymer)
                    252237-50-6P
IT
     252192-84-0P
     RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM
     (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (cinnamate-containing photopolymer for orientation film of liq.
        crystal display (LCD) and method of forming the orientation
        film using the photopolymer)
     252192-78-2P, p-Fluorobenzoyloxy-(E)-cinnamic acid
                                                          252237-44-8P,
     Poly(hydroxystyrene) ester with (E)-ar-fluorocinnamic acid 252237-48-2P
     252252-88-3P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (cinnamate-containing photopolymer for orientation film of liq.
        crystal display (LCD) and method of forming the orientation
        film using the photopolymer)
IT
     252237-45-9P, Poly(hydroxystyrene) ester with (E)-ar-fluorocinnamic acid,
                   252237-47-1P
     homopolymer
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (cinnamate-containing photopolymer for orientation film of liq.
        crystal display (LCD) and method of forming the orientation
        film using the photopolymer)
IT
     80-05-7, reactions
                         403-43-0, p-Fluorobenzoyl chloride 501-98-4
      4-(E)-Hydroxycinnamic acid 868-77-9, 2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate
     59269-51-1, Poly(hydroxystyrene)
                                       252237-43-7
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (cinnamate-containing photopolymer for orientation film of liq.
        crystal display (LCD) and method of forming the orientation
        film using the photopolymer)
IT
    252237-46-0P
    RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT
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(Reactant or reagent)
        (crosslinking agent; cinnamate-containing photopolymer for orientation film
       of liq. crystal display (LCD) and method of forming
        the orientation film using the photopolymer)
TT
     252192-82-8P, p-Fluorobenzoyloxy-(E)-cinnamoyl chloride
                                                            252192-83-9P
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     (Reactant or reagent)
        (mesogen; cinnamate-containing photopolymer for orientation film of
        lig. crystal display (LCD) and method of forming the
       orientation film using the photopolymer)
RE.CNT 8
             THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE
(1) Anon; JP 63-092609 1988 CAPLUS
(2) Dyaduysha, A; Jpn J Appl Phys 1995, V34(Part 2, No 8A), PL1000
(3) Herr; US 5539074 1996 CAPLUS
(4) Kang; US 5464669 1995 CAPLUS
(5) Kano; US 5705096 1998 CAPLUS
(6) Mandal; US 5290824 1994 CAPLUS
(7) Schadt, M; Jpn J Appl Phys 1992, V31(Part 1, No 7), P2155
(8) Tato; US 3882084 1975 CAPLUS
L11 ANSWER 5 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
AN
    1995:487811 CAPLUS
DN
     122:215943
ED
    Entered STN: 14 Apr 1995
ΤI
    Orientation layers for liquid crystals
IN
    Rolf, Peter; Kelly, Stephen; Schadt, Martin; Schmitt, Klaus; Schuster,
    Andreas
PA
    Hoffmann-La Roche, F., und Co. A.-G., Switz.
SO
    Eur. Pat. Appl., 29 pp.
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DT
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IC
    ICM C08G077-38
     ICS C08F246-00; G02F001-1337
     38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)
    Section cross-reference(s): 25, 75
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    EP 611786
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                              19940824
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    US 5539074
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PRAI CH 1993-488
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CLASS
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CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES

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                        [ICS, 5]
                 IPCR
                        C08F0246-00 [I,A]; C08F0246-00 [I,C]; C08G0077-00
                        [I,C]; C08G0077-38 [I,A]; G02F0001-13 [I,C];
                        G02F0001-1337 [I,A]
                        C08F246/00; C08G077/38; G02F001/1337C
                 ECLA
 US 5539074
                 IPCI
                        C08F0020-10 [ICM,6]; C08F0020-22 [ICS,6]; C08F0020-36
                        [ICS, 6]; C08F0020-42 [ICS, 6]
                 IPCR
                        C08F0246-00 [I,A]; C08F0246-00 [I,C]; C08G0077-00
                        [I,C]; C08G0077-38 [I,A]; G02F0001-13 [I,C];
                        G02F0001-1337 [I,A]
                        526/326.000; 526/245.000; 526/258.000; 526/279.000;
                 NCL
                        526/292.100; 526/293.000; 526/297.000; 526/304.000;
                        526/305.000; 526/311.000; 526/328.000; 526/347.000
                 ECLA
                        C08F246/00; C08G077/38; G02F001/1337C
 EP 611981
                 IPCI
                        G02F0001-1337 [ICM,5]; G02F0001-1335 [ICS,5]
                 IPCR
                        C08F0246-00 [I,A]; C08F0246-00 [I,C]; C08G0077-00
                        [I,C]; C08G0077-38 [I,A]; G02F0001-13 [I,C];
                        G02F0001-1337 [I,A]
                        C08F246/00; C08G077/38; G02F001/1337C; G02F001/1337M
                 ECLA
 SG 50569
                 IPCI
                        G02F0001-1337 [ICM,7]; G02F0001-137 [ICS,7]
 SG 94794
                 IPCI
                        C09K0019-56 [ICM, 7]
 JP 06289374
                 IPCI
                        G02F0001-1333 [ICM,5]; G02F0001-1337 [ICS,5]
 CN 1091458
                 IPCI
                        C09K0019-38 [ICM,5]
 CN 1096807
                 IPCI
                        C09K0019-02 [ICM,5]; G02F0001-13 [ICS,5]
 JP 06287453
                 IPCI
                        C08L0101-00 [ICM,5]; C08F0220-22 [ICS,5]; C08F0220-28
                        [ICS,5]; C09K0019-56 [ICS,5]; G02F0001-1337 [ICS,5]
 US 36625
                 IPCI
                        C08F0028-20 [ICM, 7]
                 IPCR
                        C08F0246-00 [I,A]; C08F0246-00 [I,C]; C08G0077-00
                        [I,C]; C08G0077-38 [I,A]; G02F0001-13 [I,C];
                        G02F0001-1337 [I,A]
                        526/245.000; 526/258.000; 526/279.000; 526/292.100;
                 NCL
                        526/293.000; 526/297.000; 526/304.000; 526/305.000;
                        526/311.000; 526/326.000; 526/328.000; 526/347.000
                 ECLA
                        C08F246/00; C08G077/38; G02F001/1337C
                        C08G [ICM,7]; C08F [ICS,7]; G02F [ICS,7]
HK 1012018
     The title layers, which can be prepared reproducibly without leaving
     undesirable OH groups, comprise polymers (d.p. 4-100,000) bearing mols.
     capable of undergoing photochem. isomerization/dimerization and separated from
     the polymer backbone by spacer units. Reduction of 4'-pentyl-4-
     biphenylcarbonitrile with iso-Bu2AlH gave 4'-pentyl-4-
     biphenylcarboxaldehyde which was treated with (EtO)2PCH2CO2SiMe3 and BuLi
     in THF to give 3-(E)-(4'pentyl-4-biphenylyl)acrylic acid, reaction of
     which with hydroxyethyl methacrylate gave the (methacryloyloxy)ethyl ester
     (I). AIBN-initiated polymerization of 1 g I in THF at 60° gave 0.4 g
     polymer with glass temperature 123° and clear point 160°.
ST
     lig crystal orientation layer;
     pentylbiphenylylacrylate methacryloyloxyethyl polymer;
    pentylbiphenylcarbonitrile redn; pentylbiphenylcarboxaldehyde Wittig
     reaction
IT
     Siloxanes and Silicones, properties
    RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation)
        ([[(carboxyvinyl]phenyl]butyl; orientation layers for liq.
        crystals)
IT
    Liquid crystals
        (orientation layers for liq. crystals)
IT
     49718-23-2DP, Methylsilanediol homopolymer, reaction products
     with butenyl cinnamate
                             162206-16-8P 162206-18-0P
                                                            162206-20-4P
     162206-22-6P
                    162206-23-7P
                                   162206-24-8P
                                                  162206-26-0P
                                                                  162206-27-1P
     162206-28-2P
                    162206-30-6P
                                   162206-31-7P
                                                  162206-32-8P
                                                                  162206-34-0P
     162206-36-2P
                   162206-41-9DP, reaction products with Me hydrogen siloxanes
    RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation)
```

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(orientation layers for lig. crystals)
ΙT
     162206-40-8P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
         (preparation and (methacryloyloxy)ethylation of)
IT
     162206-38-4P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
         (preparation and hydrolysis of)
IT
     159471-24-6P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
         (preparation and reaction with hydroxybutyl methacrylate)
IT
     162206-37-3P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
         (preparation and reaction with methacryloyl chloride)
IT
     162206-39-5P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
         (preparation and reaction with methoxybenzoyl chloride)
IT
     34446-64-5P, 4-Methoxycinnamoyl chloride
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
         (preparation and reaction with piperidinol)
IT
     56741-21-0P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
         (preparation and reaction with trimethylsilyl (di-Et phosphono)acetate)
IT
     133750-25-1P
                    156807-06-6P
                                    161065-23-2P
                                                   162206-15-7P
                                                                  162206-29-3P
     162206-33-9P
                    162206-35-1P
                                    162206-41-9P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation of)
IT
     18664-39-6, 4-Cyanocinnamic acid
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction with (aminopropyl) methacrylamide)
IT
     100-07-2, 4-Methoxybenzoyl chloride
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction with (methacryloyloxy)butyl (hydroxyphenyl)acrylate)
TΤ
     868-77-9
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction with (pentylbiphenylyl)acrylic acid)
ТТ
     501-98-4
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction with Et chloroformate)
IT
     997-46-6, 4-Hydroxybutyl methacrylate
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction with [(ethoxycarbonyl)oxy]cinnamoyl chloride)
TΤ
     86742-39-4
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction with cyanocinnamic acid)
IT
     541-41-3, Ethyl chloroformate
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction with hydroxycinnamic acid)
IT
     940-62-5
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction with hydroxyethyl methacrylate)
TT
     5382-16-1, 4-Piperidinol
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction with methoxycinnamoyl chloride)
TT
     66130-90-3
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction with pentylbiphenylcarboxaldehyde)
IT
     1191-15-7, Diisobutylaluminum hydride
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RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
         (reduction by, of pentylbiphenylcarbonitrile)
     40817-08-1, 4'-Pentyl-4-biphenylcarbonitrile
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reduction with diisobutylaluminum hydride)
     ANSWER 6 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
L11
AN
     1993:581341 CAPLUS
DN
     119:181341
ED
     Entered STN: 30 Oct 1993
     The photophysics and photochemistry of side-chain substituted
TI
     liquid-crystalline poly(aryl cinnamates)
ΑU
     Singh, Sangya; Creed, David; Hoyle, Charles E.
CS
     Dep. Chem., Univ. South. Mississippi, Hattiesburg, MS, 39406-5043, USA
     Proceedings of SPIE-The International Society for Optical Engineering
SO
     (1993), 1774 (Nonconducting Photopolymers and Applications), 2-11
     CODEN: PSISDG; ISSN: 0277-786X
DT
     Journal
TιA
     English
CC
     35-4 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)
     Section cross-reference(s): 36, 75
     The synthesis and photochem. of comb-like thermotropic liq.-
AB
     cryst. (L.C.) homopolymers from 4-(pentyloxy)phenyl
     4-[6-(methacryloyloxy)hexyloxy]cinnamate (I) is described. I is polymerized
     using a radical initiator. The acrylate analog is resistant to polymerization
     under the same reaction conditions. The principal photochem. reactions on
     photolysis (313 nm) of solns. of the polymer as well as freshly cast films
     are photocycloaddn. and photo-Fries rearrangement of the aryl cinnamate
     chromophore. Aggregation of chromophores is studied in films as a
     function of phase type at different temps. These results are compared
     with those obtained from (main) chain L.C. poly (aryl cinnamates).
ST
     polymethacrylate thermotropic photophysics photochem
IT
     Molecular association
        (of polymethacrylate-based cinnamate-containing thermotropic polymer)
IT
     Cycloaddition reaction
        ([2+2], photochem., of polymethacrylate-based cinnamate-containing
        thermotropic polymer)
     Liquid crystals, polymeric
TT
        (thermotropic, preparation and photophysics and photochem. of
        polymethacrylate-based)
IT
     18979-53-8, 4-(Pentyloxy)phenol
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (condensation of, with (meth)acryloyloxyhexyloxycinnamic acid)
     7400-08-0, p-Hydroxycinnamic acid
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (condensation of, with chlorohexanol)
     2009-83-8, 6-Chloro-1-hexanol
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (condensation of, with hydroxycinnamic acid)
     79-10-7, 2-Propenoic acid, reactions
                                           79-41-4, reactions
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (condensation of, with hydroxyhexyloxycinnamic acid)
IT
     122246-54-2P, 4-(6-Hydroxyhexyloxy)cinnamic acid
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation and (methy) acrylyolation of)
IT
     150623-74-8P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation and attempted polymerization of)
IT
     125274-23-9P, 4-[6-(Methacryloyloxy)hexyloxy]cinnamic acid 150623-73-7P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation and condensation with pentyloxyphenol)
IΤ
     150600-61-6P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation and photophysics and photochem. of thermotropic)
```